



ST EDMUND'S SCHOOL CANTERBURY

Recruitment, Selection and Disclosure Policy

1 Introduction

St Edmund's School is committed to providing the best possible care and education to its pupils and to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people. The school is also committed to providing a supportive and flexible working environment to all its members of staff. The school recognises that, in order to achieve these aims, it is of fundamental importance to attract, recruit and retain staff of the highest calibre who share this commitment. The aims of the school's recruitment policy are as follows:

- to ensure that the best possible staff are recruited on the basis of their merits, abilities and suitability for the position;
- to ensure that all job applicants are considered equally and consistently;
- to ensure that no job applicant is treated unfairly on any grounds including race, colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin, religion or religious belief, sex or sexual orientation, marital or civil partner status, disability or age (Protected Characteristics);
- To ensure internal applicants have equal opportunity to apply for job vacancies;
- to ensure compliance with all relevant legislation, recommendations and guidance including the statutory guidance published by the Department for Education (DfE), Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE 2020), Disqualification Under the Childcare Act 2006 (DUCA) and any guidance or code of practice published by the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS);
- to ensure that the school meets its commitment to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people by carrying out all necessary pre-employment checks.

Employees involved in the recruitment and selection of staff are responsible for familiarising themselves with and complying with the provisions of this policy.

The definition of staff is any person working at the school whether :

- under a contract of employment
- under a contract for services, including self-employed people arranged and/or paid direct by the school
- or otherwise than under a contract, including self-employed people who are arranged by the school for the purposes of the school but who, for example, are paid direct by parents. This doesn't include private employees of parents permitted to enter the school by agreement.

2 Recruitment and selection procedure

- All applicants for employment will be required to provide an up-to-date CV and a staff application form containing questions about their academic and employment history and their suitability for the role. Incomplete application forms will be returned to the applicant where the deadline for completed application forms has not passed. A curriculum vitae will not be accepted in place of the completed application form.
- Applicants will receive a job description (which will include a person specification) for the role applied for.
- The School's Safeguarding Policy is available to download from the school's website and can be printed and forwarded to applicants on request.

The applicant may then be invited to attend a formal interview at which his / her relevant skills and experience will be discussed in more detail. This will be conducted in person and the areas which it will explore will include suitability to work with children.

If it is decided to make an offer of employment following the formal interview, any such offer will be conditional on the following:

- the agreement of a mutually acceptable start date and the signing of an offer letter and / or contract incorporating the school's standard terms and conditions of employment;
- verification of the applicant's identity (where that has not previously been verified);
- the receipt of **at least two written references** (one of which must be from the applicant's most recent employer) which the school considers to be satisfactory and a phone call to verify the identity of those who have supplied references;
- for teaching positions, confirmation through the school's employer sign in facility of the Teaching Regulation Agency website that the applicant is not subject to a prohibition order;
- where the position amounts to "regulated activity (see section 4.3 below) the receipt of an enhanced disclosure from the DBS which the school considers to be satisfactory;
- where the position amounts to "regulated activity" (see section 4.3 below) confirmation that the applicant is not named on the Children's Barred List*;
- confirmation that the applicant does not commence work in contravention of a direction under section 142 of the Education Act 2002 or section 128 of the Education and Skills Act 2008 which prohibits, disqualifies or restricts them from teaching or being involved in the management of an independent school;
- confirmation that the applicant is not disqualified from working in connection with

- early or later years provision (see section 5 below);
- verification of the applicant's medical fitness for the role (see section 3 below); and
- verification of the applicant's right to work in the UK;
- any further checks which are necessary as a result of the applicant having lived or worked outside of the UK; and verification of professional qualifications which the school deems a requirement for the post, or which the applicant otherwise cites in support of their application (where they have not been previously verified).

*The school is not permitted to obtain an enhanced DBS disclosure or check the Children's Barred List unless an individual will be engaging in "regulated activity". Whether a position amounts to "regulated activity" must therefore be considered by the school in order to decide which checks are appropriate. It is however likely that in nearly all cases an enhanced DBS check and a Children's Barred List check will be permitted.

The school adheres to Standard 14 of the National Minimum Standards in relation to those staff who care for, train, supervise or are in charge of boarders.

3 Medical fitness

The school is legally required to verify the medical fitness of anyone to be appointed to a post at the school, after an offer of employment has been made but before the appointment can be confirmed.

Successful applicants will be required to sign a declaration of medical fitness confirming that there are no reasons, on grounds of mental or physical health, why they should not be able to discharge the responsibilities required by the role. The school may also seek a medical opinion from an Occupational Health specialist or request that the applicant undertakes a full medical assessment.

If an applicant prefers to discuss their fitness for the role with the school instead, or to attend an occupational health assessment to consider their fitness for the role, they should contact the Bursar so that appropriate arrangements can be made.

The school is aware of its duties under the Equality Act 2010. No job offer will be withdrawn without first consulting with the applicant, obtaining medical evidence, considering reasonable adjustments and suitable alternative employment.

4 Pre-employment checks

In accordance with the recommendations set out in the Guidance, KCSiE (September 2020), DUCA and the requirements of The Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014 the school carries out a number of pre-employment checks in respect of all prospective employees.

4.1 Verification of identity and address

All applicants who are invited to an interview will be required to bring with them evidence of identity, right to work in the UK, address and qualifications as set out below and in the list of valid identity documents at Appendix 1 (these requirements comply with DBS identity checking guidelines):

- one document from Group 1; and
- two further documents from either of Group 1, Group 2a or Group 2b, one of which must verify the applicant's current address; and
- original documents confirming any educational and professional qualifications referred to in their application form.

Where an applicant claims to have changed his / her name by deed poll or any other means (e.g. marriage, adoption, statutory declaration) he / she will be required to provide documentary evidence of the change.

The school asks for the date of birth of all applicants (and proof of this) in accordance with the Guidance and KCSiE 2020. Proof of date of birth is necessary so that the school may verify the identity of, and check for any unexplained discrepancies in the employment and education history of all applicants. The school does not discriminate on the grounds of age.

4.2 References

References will usually be taken up on short listed candidates prior to interview. Applicants will be informed that references may be taken up before interview and they will be able to inform the Head if they do not wish a referee to be contacted at this stage.

All offers of employment will be subject to the receipt of a minimum of two written references which are considered satisfactory by the school. One of the references must be from the applicant's current or most recent employer. If the current / most recent employment does / did not involve work with children or young people, then the second reference should be from the employer with whom the applicant most recently worked with children or young people. Neither referee should be a relative or someone known to the applicant solely as a friend.

All referees will be asked whether they believe the applicant is suitable for the job for which they have applied and whether they have any reason to believe that the applicant is unsuitable to work with children or young people.

All referees will be sent a copy of the job description (and person specification) for the role for which the applicant has applied.

If the referee is a current or previous employer, they will also be asked to confirm the following:

- the applicant's dates of employment, salary, job title / duties, reason for leaving, performance, sickness and disciplinary record;
- whether the applicant has ever been the subject of disciplinary procedures involving

issues related to the safety and welfare of children or young people (including any in which the disciplinary sanction has expired), except where the issues were deemed to have resulted from allegations which were found to be false, unsubstantiated, or malicious;

- whether any allegations or concerns have been raised about the applicant that relate to the safety and welfare of children or young people or behaviour towards children or young people, except where the allegation or concerns were found to be false, unsubstantiated, or malicious.

The school will only accept references obtained directly from the referee and it will not rely on references or testimonials provided by the applicant or on open references or testimonials.

The school will compare all references with any information given on the application form. Any discrepancies or inconsistencies in the information will be taken up with the applicant and the relevant referee before any appointment is confirmed. The Bursar will follow up references with a phone call to verify identity.

Applicants should be aware that provision of false information is an offence and could result in their application being rejected or summary dismissal if the applicant has been selected and possible referral to the police and /or DfES Children's Safeguarding Operation Unit.

4.3 Criminal records check

Due to the nature of the work, the school applies for an enhanced disclosure from the DBS in respect of all prospective staff members, governors and volunteers.

Prior to 29 May 2013 an enhanced disclosure contained details of all convictions on record (including those which are defined as "spent" under the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974) together with details of any cautions, reprimands or warnings held on the Police National Computer. It could also contain non-conviction information from local police records which a chief police officer considered relevant to the role applied for at the school.

As of 29 May 2013 the DBS commenced the filtering and removal of certain specified information relating to old and minor criminal offences from all criminal records disclosures. The DBS and the Home Office have developed a set of filtering rules relating to spent convictions which work as follows:

For those aged 18 or over at the time of an offence

An adult conviction will be removed from a DBS disclosure if:

- eleven years have elapsed since the date of conviction;
- it is the person's only offence;
- it did not result in a custodial sentence.

It will not be removed under any circumstances if it appears on a list of "specified offences" which must always be disclosed. If a person has more than one offence on their criminal

record, then details of all their convictions will always be included.

A caution received when a person was aged 18 or over will not be disclosed if six years have elapsed since the date it was issued, and if it does not appear on the list of "specified offences".

For those aged under 18 at the time of an offence

A conviction will be removed from a DBS disclosure if:

- five and a half years have elapsed since the date of conviction;
- it is the person's only offence;
- it did not result in a custodial sentence.

Again, the conviction will not be removed under any circumstances if it appears on the list of "specified offences", or if a person has more than one offence on their criminal record.

A caution received when a person was aged under 18 will not be disclosed if two years have elapsed since the date it was issued, and if it does not appear on the list of "specified offences".

The list of "specified offences" which must always be disclosed

This contains a large number of offences, which includes certain sexual, violent and other offences that are considered so serious they will always be disclosed, regardless of when they took place or of the person's previous or subsequent criminal record. The list of "specified offences" can be found at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/dbs-list-of-offences-that-will-never-be-filtered-from-a-criminal-record-check>

The school applies for an enhanced disclosure from the DBS and a check of the Children's Barred List (now known as an Enhanced Check for Regulated Activity) in respect of all positions at the school which amount to "regulated activity" as defined in the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006 (as amended). The purpose of carrying out an Enhanced Check for Regulated Activity is to identify whether an applicant is barred from working with children by inclusion on the Children's Barred List and to obtain other relevant suitability information.

Any position undertaken at, or on behalf of, the school (whether paid or unpaid), will amount to "regulated activity" if it is carried out:

- frequently, meaning once a week or more; or
- overnight, meaning between 2.00 am and 6.00 am;
- or satisfies the "period condition", meaning four times or more in a 30 day period; and provides the opportunity for contact with children.

Specifically, the definition of "regulated activity" also includes:

- teaching, training, instructing, caring for or supervising children if the person is unsupervised, or providing advice or guidance on physical, emotional or educational well-being, or driving a vehicle only for children;
- work for a limited range of establishments (known as 'specified places', which include schools and colleges), with the opportunity for contact with children, but not including work done by supervised volunteers.
- Some activities are always regulated activities, regardless of frequency or whether they are supervised or not. This includes: relevant personal care, or health care provided by or provided under the supervision of a health care professional: • personal care includes helping a child with eating and drinking for reasons of illness or disability or in connection with toileting, washing, bathing and dressing for reasons of age, illness or disability;
- health care means care for children provided by, or under the direction or supervision of, a regulated health care professional

It is for the school to decide whether a role amounts to "regulated activity" taking into account all the relevant circumstances. However, nearly all posts at the school amount to regulated activity. It is the school's policy to carry out both an enhanced DBS check and a check of the Children's Barred List on all applicants who are appointed to work in regulated activity. Limited exceptions could include an administrative post undertaken on a temporary basis in the school office outside of term time.

The DBS issues a DBS disclosure certificate to the subject of the check, whilst the school receives an e-copy (unless the disclosure is unsatisfactory); in which case the school is advised to approach the applicant to request that the original disclosure certificate is provided to the school within two weeks of it being received by the applicant. Original certificates should not be sent by post. Applicants must instead bring the original certificate to the HR Manager. Applicants who are unable to attend at the school to provide the certificate are required to send in a certified copy by post or email. Certified copies must be sent to the HR Manager. Employment will remain conditional upon the original certificate being provided and it being considered satisfactory by the school.

If there is a delay in receiving a DBS disclosure the Head has discretion to allow an individual to begin work pending receipt of the disclosure and a risk assessment will be carried out. This will only be allowed if all other checks, including a clear check of the Children's Barred List (where the position amounts to regulated activity), have been completed and once appropriate supervision has been put in place.

DBS checks will still be requested for applicants with recent periods of overseas residence and those with little or no previous UK residence. These applicants may also be asked to provide further information, including a criminal records check from the relevant jurisdiction(s).

4.4 European Economic Area Checks:

The school vets individuals from countries within the European Economic Area (EEA) who will be carrying out teaching work to ensure that such individuals are not subject to sanction or

restriction imposed by another EEA professional regulating authority for teachers. This is carried out via the Teaching Regulation Agency and is applicable to both foreign nationals and UK nationals who have taught in the EEA. Only restrictions imposed on or after 18 January 2016 are displayed. The school acknowledges that restrictions applied in another country are not legally binding in England but the existence, and nature, of any such sanctions will be weighed up in making a decision regarding appointment.

5 Childcare disqualification requirements

The Childcare Act 2006, the Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations 2009 and Keeping Children Safe in Education (2020) state that it is an offence for the school to employ anyone in connection with our early years or later years provisions with children up to the age of eight who is disqualified. This applies to normal school activities and any before or after school clubs or activities. It is also a criminal offence for a disqualified person to provide early or later years provision or to be directly concerned in its management. School governors, volunteers and support staff are not covered by the legislation unless they already work or volunteer in a relevant position.

The Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations and Childcare (Early Years Provision Free of Charge) (Extended Entitlement) (Amendment) Regulations 2018 removed the 'Disqualification by association' requirement from schools and registered non-domestic childcare settings. St Edmund's School recognizes its continuing responsibility to ensure that staff and volunteers who work in or manage early years childcare and 'wrap-around' care for under 8s are not personally disqualified – but will no longer extend its enquiries to those who live and work in their households.

Therefore, in accordance with Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations and Childcare (Early Years Provision Free of Charge) (Extended Entitlement) (Amendment) Regulations 2018, the grounds for disqualification are not only that a person is barred from working with children (ie. included on the DBS children's barred list) but also include that:

- (i) They have been cautioned for, convicted of or charged with certain violent and sexual criminal offences against children and adults, at home or abroad.
- (ii) Other orders have been made against them relating to the care of children.

Disqualification occurs as soon as the above criteria are met, for example, as soon as a caution or conviction occurs, even before the person is formally included on the children's barred list. The DfE has advised that relevant convictions are not considered 'spent' in this connection.

As a school we take great pride in the pastoral care we provide and it could be necessary for any staff to be available to support our children in the Junior and the Pre Prep Schools. If applicable the school can ask all job applicants who are invited for interview to complete the Self-Declaration section of the application form confirming whether they meet any of the criteria for disqualification. The school will consider any information disclosed before deciding whether to proceed with an interview. The school reserves the right to reject the application of any person who is disqualified from working in connection with early or later years provision.

An interview may not proceed if the school has not received a completed Self-Declaration in advance.

After making this declaration staff are under an on-going duty to inform the school if their circumstances change in a way which would mean they subsequently meet any of the criteria for disqualification. Staff are informed, through continuous training and the school's central safeguarding policy, that it is their responsibility to disclose any convictions, court orders and reprimands and warnings which may affect their suitability to work with children, and the school makes them aware that they should update any information regarding their suitability to work with children if their situation changes. Any failure to disclose relevant information now, or a future change in circumstances, will be treated as a serious disciplinary matter and may lead to the withdrawal of a job offer or dismissal for gross misconduct.

Applicants who have any criminal records information to disclose about themselves must also provide the following information:

- details of the order, restriction, conviction or caution and the date that this was made;
- the relevant court or body and the sentence, if any, which was imposed;
- a copy of the relevant order or conviction.

A person who discloses information which appears to disqualify them from working in early or later years provision may apply to Ofsted for a waiver of the disqualification. However, the school cannot appoint any person who is currently disqualified.

6 Contractors and agency staff

Contractors engaged by the school must complete the same checks for their employees that the school is required to complete for its staff. The school requires confirmation that these checks have been completed before employees of the Contractor can commence work at the school. The school (via the Estates Manager and Bursar) requires written confirmation from the employer that the appropriate checks are in place and identity checks are made on all members of staff on their arrival at the school.

Agencies who supply staff to the school must also complete the pre-employment checks which the school would otherwise complete for its staff. Again, the school requires confirmation that these checks have been completed before an individual can commence work at the school. The school will independently verify the identity of staff supplied by contractors or an agency in accordance with section 4.1 above and view their enhanced criminal record certificate on their arrival at the school.

7 Visiting Speakers

Any visiting speakers, whether invited by staff or by the pupils themselves, are suitable and appropriately supervised. St Edmund's recognises that The Counter-Terrorism and Security Act

2015, places a legal responsibility on schools to take every effort to prevent individuals from being drawn into terrorism. This duty extends to ensuring that reasonable background checks have been carried out. The School's DSL is also Prevent Lead and undertakes regular training in this regard, such as the Channel online course. The role of the Prevent lead includes ensuring staff awareness and providing advice to colleagues making arrangements to bring visiting speakers into school.

8 Policy on recruitment of ex-offenders

8.1 Background

The school will not unfairly discriminate against any applicant for employment on the basis of conviction or other details revealed. The school makes appointment decisions on the basis of merit and ability. If an applicant has a criminal record this will not automatically bar him / her from employment within the school. Instead, each case will be decided on its merits in accordance with the objective assessment criteria set out in paragraph 6.2 below.

All positions within the school are exempt from the provisions of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974. All applicants must therefore declare all previous convictions and cautions, including those which would normally be considered "spent" except for those to which the DBS filtering rules apply (see paragraph 4.3 above). A failure to disclose a previous conviction (which should be declared) may lead to an application being rejected or, if the failure to disclose is discovered after employment has started, may lead to summary dismissal on the grounds of gross misconduct. A failure to disclose a previous conviction may also amount to a criminal offence.

It is unlawful for the school to employ anyone who is barred from working with children. It is a criminal offence for any person who is barred from working with children to attempt to apply for a position at the school. The school will make a report to the Police and / or the DBS if:

- it receives an application from a barred person;
- it is provided with false information in, or in support of an applicant's application;
- it has serious concerns about an applicant's suitability to work with children.

8.2 Assessment criteria

In the event that relevant information (whether in relation to previous convictions or otherwise) is volunteered by an applicant during the recruitment process or obtained through a disclosure check, the school will consider the following factors before reaching a recruitment decision:

- whether the conviction or other matter revealed is relevant to the position in question;
- the seriousness of any offence or other matter revealed;
- the length of time since the offence or other matter occurred;
- whether the applicant has a pattern of offending behaviour or other relevant matters;

- whether the applicant's circumstances have changed since the offending behaviour or other relevant matters;
- the circumstances surrounding the offence and the explanation(s) offered by the convicted person.

If the post involves regular contact with children, it is the school's normal policy to consider it a high risk to employ anyone who has been convicted at any time of any the following offences:

- murder, manslaughter, rape, other serious sexual offences, grievous bodily harm or other serious acts of violence;
- serious class A drug related offences, robbery, burglary, theft, deception or fraud.

If the post involves access to money or budget responsibility, it is the school's normal policy to consider it a high risk to employ anyone who has been convicted at any time of robbery, burglary, theft, deception or fraud.

If the post involves some driving responsibilities, it is the school's normal policy to consider it a high risk to employ anyone who has been convicted of drink driving within the last ten years.

8.3 Assessment procedure

In the event that relevant information (whether in relation to previous convictions or otherwise) is volunteered by an applicant during the recruitment process or obtained through a disclosure check, the school will carry out a risk assessment by reference to the criteria set out above. The assessment form must be signed by the Bursar or the Head of the school before a position is confirmed.

If an applicant wishes to dispute any information contained in a disclosure, he / she can do so by contacting the DBS direct. In cases where the applicant would otherwise be offered a position were it not for the disputed information, the school will, where practicable and at its discretion, defer a final decision about the appointment until the applicant has had a reasonable opportunity to challenge the disclosure information.

8.4 Retention and security of disclosure information

The school's policy is to observe the guidance issued or supported by the DBS on the use of disclosure information, but is under no obligation to do so.

In particular, the school will:

- store disclosure information and other confidential documents issued by the DBS in locked, non-portable storage containers, access to which will be restricted to members of the school's senior management team and HR Department;

- not retain disclosure information or any associated correspondence for longer than is necessary, and for a maximum of six months. The school will keep a record of the date of a disclosure, the name of the subject, the type of disclosure, the position in question, the unique number issued by the DBS and the recruitment decision taken;
- ensure that any disclosure information is destroyed by suitably secure means such as shredding;
- prohibit the photocopying or scanning of any disclosure information without the express permission of the individual to whom the disclosure relates.

9 Retention of records

The school is legally required to undertake the above pre-employment checks. Therefore, if an applicant is successful in their application, the school will retain on his / her personnel file any relevant information provided as part of the application process. This will include copies of documents used to verify identity, right to work in the UK, medical fitness and qualifications. Medical information may be used to help the school to discharge its obligations as an employer e.g. so that the school may consider reasonable adjustments if an employee suffers from a disability or to assist with any other workplace issue.

This documentation will be retained by the school for the duration of the successful applicant's employment with the school. It will be retained for a period of six months after employment terminates after which it will be securely destroyed.

If the application is unsuccessful, all documentation relating to the application will normally be confidentially destroyed after six months.

10 Referrals to the DBS and Teaching Regulation Agency (TRA)

This policy is primarily concerned with the promotion of safer recruitment and details the pre-employment checks that will be undertaken prior to employment being confirmed. Whilst these are pre-employment checks the school also has a legal duty to make a referral to the DBS in circumstances where an individual:-

- has applied for a position at the school despite being barred from working with children;
- has been removed by the school from working in regulated activity (whether paid or unpaid), or has resigned prior to being removed, because they have harmed, or pose a risk of harm to, a child.

If the individual referred to the DBS is a teacher, the school may also decide to make a referral to the TRA.

11 Queries

If an applicant has any queries on how to complete the application form or any other matter relating to the school's recruitment process he / she should contact the HR Manager.

12 Review of Policy

Recruitment procedures will be reviewed regularly to ensure that individuals are treated on the basis of their relevant merits and abilities and that selection criteria are justified on non-discriminatory grounds as being essential for the effective performance of the job. The school will adopt recruitment methods aimed to reach suitably qualified or skilled individuals from all sectors of the community.

The Executive Group reviews the Single Central Record on the first Wednesday of each month.

EOC/NCSK

V1 September 2018

V2 September 2019

V3 September 2020

Review date: September 2021

Appendix 1 DISCLOSURE AND BARRING SERVICE (DBS) CHECKS

List of Valid Identity Documents (originals only - photocopies, certified copies or on-line printed documents are not acceptable)

- 1 document from Table 1 (below) and
- 2 other documents from either Table 1 or Table 2a or 2b (below)
- At least one of the documents must show the applicant's current address.

Table 1: Primary identity documents	Notes
Passport	A current valid passport (any Nationality)
Biometric residence permit	UK
Current driving licence – photocard with counterpart where one is issued	UK/Isle of Man/Channel Islands and EU (full or provisional) (Please note some European countries do not issue counterparts). All licences must be valid in line with current DVLA requirements
Birth certificate – issued within 12 months from date of birth	UK and Channel Islands and UK authorities overseas, i.e. Embassy or HM Forces
Adoption Certificate	UK and Channel Islands

Table 2a: trusted government/state issued documents
Current UK driving licence (old style paper version)
Current non-UK driving licence (valid from up to 12 months from the date the applicant entered the UK)
Birth certificate (UK and Channel Islands) – issued at any time after the date of birth by the General Registrar Office / relevant authority i.e. Registrars)
Marriage / civil partnership certificate (UK and Channel Islands)
Adoption certificate (UK and Channel Islands)
HM Forces ID card (UK)
Fire arms licence (UK and Channel Islands)

Table 2b: Financial / social history documents
Mortgage statement (UK or EEA)**
Bank / building society statement (UK and Channel Islands or EEA)*
Bank / building society account opening confirmation letter (UK)
Credit card statement (UK or EEA)*
Financial statement** e.g. pension, endowment, ISA (UK)
P45 / P60 statement** (UK and Channel Islands)
Council tax statement (UK and Channel Islands)
Work permit / visa (UK) (UK Residence Permit)**
Letter of sponsorship from future employment provider (non UK / non EEA only valid for applicants residing outside the UK at the time of application)
Utility bill (UK) * - not mobile telephone
Benefit statement – e.g. child benefit, pension
A document from central / local government / government agency / local authority giving entitlement (UK and Channel Islands)* - e.g. from the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP), the Employment Service, HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC), Job Centre, Job Centre Plus, Social Security
EU national ID card
Cards carrying the PASS accreditation logo (UK)
Letter from Head or College Principal (UK) for 16-19 year olds in full time education. This is only used in exceptional circumstances if other documents cannot be provided.

Note
<p>If a document in the list of valid identity documents is:</p> <p>Denoted with * - it should be less than three months old</p> <p>Denoted with ** - it should be less than 12 months old</p> <p>Not denoted – it can be more than 12 months old</p>